

Growth form, regeneration mode, and vegetation type explain leaf trait variability at the species and community levels in Mediterranean woody vegetation

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Supplementary Material

Table S1. The species whose leaf samples were collected in the study, and their taxonomic status, the number of individuals sampled, and functional groups. Regeneration strategy (*sensu* Pausas 1999; Pausas et al. 2004) includes information on both resprouting ability after the fire (resprouters: *R+* or non-resprouters: *R-*), post-fire persistence ability via any propagule (propagule-persister: *P+* or propagule-non-persister: *P-*), and the seed bank locality in propagule-persisters (canopy seed bank: *c* or soil seed bank: *s*). Growth form, resprouting ability, post-fire persistence via propagules, and seed bank locality information are based on the BROT database (Tavşanoğlu and Pausas 2018) and field observations. Nomenclature follows Davis (1965-1985), but taxon and family names were updated according to The Plant List (2013).

Species	Species Code	Family	No. individuals	Growth Form	Regeneration Strategy	Resprouting Ability
<i>Arbutus andrachne</i> L.	AAN	Ericaceae	25	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Arbutus unedo</i> L.	AUN	Ericaceae	4	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Calicotome villosa</i> (Poir.) Link	CVI	Leguminosae	2	shrub	R+P+	yes
<i>Ceratonia siliqua</i> L.	CSI	Leguminosae	24	tree	R+P-	yes
<i>Cistus creticus</i> L.	CCR	Cistaceae	54	shrub	R-P+s	no
<i>Cistus parviflorus</i> Lam.	CPA	Cistaceae	11	shrub	R-P+s	no
<i>Cistus salvifolius</i> L.	CSA	Cistaceae	63	shrub	R-P+s	no
<i>Cotinus coggygria</i> Scop.	CCO	Anacardiaceae	5	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Cupressus sempervirens</i> L.	CSE	Cupressaceae	4	tree	R-P+c	no
<i>Cytisopsis pseudocytisus</i> (Boiss.) Fertig	CPS	Leguminosae	5	subshrub	R-P+s	no
<i>Daphne gnidioides</i> Jaub. & Spach	DGN	Thymelaeaceae	20	shrub	unknown	unknown
<i>Daphne sericea</i> Vahl	DSE	Thymelaeaceae	2	shrub	unknown	variable
<i>Erica manipuliflora</i> Salisb.	EMA	Ericaceae	30	shrub	R+P+	yes
<i>Hypericum empetrifolium</i> Willd.	HEM	Hypericaceae	20	subshrub	R+P+	unknown
<i>Juniperus oxycedrus</i> L.	JOX	Cupressaceae	3	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Laurus nobilis</i> L.	LNO	Lauraceae	16	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Lavandula stoechas</i> L.	LST	Lamiaceae	48	subshrub	R-P+s	no
<i>Myrtus communis</i> L.	MCO	Myrtaceae	13	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Olea europaea</i> L.	OEU	Oleaceae	50	tree	R+P-	yes
<i>Osyris alba</i> L.	OAL	Santalaceae	28	large shrub	R+P-	yes

<i>Paliurus spina-christi</i> Mill.	PSP	Rhamnaceae	11	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Phillyrea latifolia</i> L.	PLA	Oleaceae	60	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Phlomis grandiflora</i> H. S. Thomps.	PGR	Lamiaceae	10	shrub	unknown	unknown
<i>Phlomis lycia</i> D. Don	PLY	Lamiaceae	30	shrub	unknown	yes
<i>Pinus brutia</i> Ten.	PBR	Pinaceae	57	tree	R-P+c	no
<i>Pistacia lentiscus</i> L.	PLE	Anacardiaceae	46	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Pistacia terebinthus</i> L.	PTE	Anacardiaceae	14	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Ptilostemon chamaepeuce</i> (L.) Less.	PCH	Compositae	22	shrub	unknown	yes
<i>Pyrus elaeagnifolia</i> Pall.	PEL	Rosaceae	22	tree	unknown	unknown
<i>Quercus aucheri</i> Jaub. & Spach	QAU	Fagaceae	25	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Quercus coccifera</i> L.	QCO	Fagaceae	55	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Quercus infectoria</i> subsp. <i>veneris</i> (A.Kern.) Meikle	QIN	Fagaceae	16	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Quercus ithaburensis</i> Decne.	QIT	Fagaceae	1	tree	R+P-	yes
<i>Rhamnus punctata</i> Boiss.	RPU	Rhamnaceae	4	large shrub	unknown	unknown
<i>Ruscus aculeatus</i> L.	RAC	Asparagaceae	5	subshrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Smilax aspera</i> L.	SAS	Smilacaceae	19	liana	R+P-	yes
<i>Styrax officinalis</i> L.	SOF	Styracaceae	18	large shrub	R+P-	yes
<i>Thymbra capitata</i> (L.) Cav.	TCA	Lamiaceae	15	subshrub	unknown	variable

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Table S2. Minimum, mean, and maximum value of individuals for each species for each leaf trait included in the study. Only species with at least five sampled individuals are included. Species codes are given in Table S1.

Species code	SLA (mm ² mg ⁻¹)			Leaf Thickness (mm)			Leaf Area (mm ²)		
	min	mean	max	min	mean	max	min	mean	max
AAN	3.86	9.79	15.71	0.26	0.31	0.36	904.00	2066.65	3229.30
CCO	11.62	17.79	23.95	0.22	0.27	0.33	1001.10	1172.75	1344.40
CCR	3.67	9.84	16.00	0.25	0.45	0.65	35.80	243.50	451.20
CPA	3.76	5.21	6.66	0.49	0.59	0.70	63.20	193.95	324.70
CPS	7.67	9.42	11.17	0.24	0.33	0.42	26.90	30.45	34.00
CSA	3.64	7.25	10.85	0.21	0.46	0.70	45.50	257.15	468.80
CSI	6.00	9.56	13.12	0.24	0.36	0.47	765.40	1738.80	2712.20
DGN	7.13	15.20	23.26	0.17	0.25	0.33	39.20	93.30	147.40
EMA	3.21	5.66	8.10	0.20	0.38	0.56	3.40	8.15	12.90
HEM	3.60	6.20	8.80	0.21	0.31	0.42	5.40	11.90	18.40
LNO	4.43	8.62	12.80	0.23	0.32	0.40	920.20	2316.05	3711.90
LST	2.21	8.67	15.13	0.23	0.31	0.39	2.20	32.85	63.50
MCO	7.68	13.75	19.82	0.21	0.28	0.36	164.70	379.65	594.60
OAL	4.31	9.99	15.67	0.18	0.39	0.59	13.50	41.10	68.70
OEU	3.23	6.38	9.53	0.28	0.43	0.59	35.10	281.35	527.60
PBR	4.42	7.03	9.64	0.45	0.62	0.80	61.00	143.05	225.10
PCH	2.84	5.43	8.01	0.26	0.40	0.53	46.20	119.65	193.10
PEL	2.76	10.52	18.28	0.17	0.31	0.44	79.90	422.85	765.80
PGR	3.99	6.28	8.56	0.47	0.67	0.86	213.50	743.00	1272.50
PLA	5.11	13.65	22.18	0.20	0.28	0.36	66.90	270.95	475.00
PLE	3.71	7.51	11.31	0.27	0.43	0.59	150.30	313.70	477.10
PLY	3.14	7.36	11.57	0.45	0.87	1.28	133.10	408.15	683.20
PSP	13.11	24.47	35.82	0.14	0.18	0.22	210.60	415.55	620.50
PTE	9.48	14.27	19.06	0.17	0.21	0.26	339.30	918.10	1496.90
QAU	4.86	8.77	12.68	0.29	0.36	0.44	128.30	409.80	691.30
QCO	3.34	10.39	17.43	0.26	0.41	0.56	91.90	321.20	550.50
QIN	7.89	14.08	20.27	0.24	0.30	0.36	309.30	852.95	1396.60
RAC	11.14	13.32	15.49	0.23	0.27	0.31	90.60	136.70	182.80
SAS	10.38	20.53	30.68	0.20	0.25	0.31	583.40	1985.20	3387.00
SOF	11.16	19.39	27.61	0.17	0.23	0.29	395.60	1398.10	2400.60
TCA	5.63	7.54	9.45	0.30	0.45	0.59	17.10	29.70	42.30

Table S3. The results of pairwise comparisons between functional group classes for growth form, resprouting and regeneration strategies following principal components analysis (PCA) considering three leaf traits.

Growth Form	R²	P
Large shrub vs. Liana	0.058	0.001
Large shrub vs. Shrub	0.139	0.001
Large shrub vs. Subshrub	0.377	0.001
Large shrub vs. Tree	0.034	0.001
Liana vs. Shrub	0.201	0.001
Liana vs. Subshrub	0.680	0.001
Liana vs. Tree	0.196	0.001
Shrub vs. Subshrub	0.309	0.001
Shrub vs. Tree	0.068	0.001
Subshrub vs. Tree	0.488	0.001
Regeneration Strategy		
R+P- vs. R+P+	0.173	0.001
R+P- vs. R-P+c	0.077	0.001
R+P- vs. R-P+s	0.161	0.001
R+P+ vs. R-P+c	0.801	0.001
R+P+ vs. R-P+s	0.254	0.001
R-P+c vs. R-P+s	0.087	0.001
Resprouting Ability		
Yes vs. No	0.120	0.001

Table S4. Specific leaf area, leaf thickness, and leaf area of species for each functional classification (growth form, resprouting ability, and regeneration strategy). Values are the mean and the standard error (in parenthesis). Data units are $\text{mm}^2\text{mg}^{-1}$ for specific leaf area, mm for leaf thickness, and mm^2 for leaf area. n is the number of species for each functional group considered in analyses. *L. ratio* is the likelihood ratio estimated for the statistical comparison between a null model including the species as the random factor and the model with both the random and the fixed factor (i.e., growth form, regeneration strategy, or resprouting ability).

Trait	Growth Form					Linear model	
	Liana	Tree	Large shrub	Shrub	Subshrub	L.Ratio	P
Specific leaf area	15.0 (1.0)	7.0 (0.2)	9.4 (0.3)	6.8 (0.2)	7.3 (2.2)	11.5	0.0214
Leaf thickness	0.26 (0.01)	0.44 (0.01)	0.31 (0.00)	0.45 (0.01)	0.31 (0.01)	14.3	0.0065
Leaf area	1255.9 (146.8)	399.2 (44.2)	568.4 (36.3)	152.5 (10.9)	22.6 (3.1)	16.4	0.0025
n	1	6	16	10	5		
Trait	Regeneration Strategy				Linear model		
	R+P-	R+P+	R-P+c	R-P+s	L.Ratio	P	
Specific leaf area	9.1 (0.2)	6.5 (0.5)	6.5 (0.2)	6.6 (0.1)	8.1	0.0449	
Leaf thickness	0.32 (0.00)	0.32 (0.02)	0.57 (0.01)	0.39 (0.01)	21.9	0.0001	
Leaf area	586.6 (32.1)	7.9 (1.1)	125.3 (5.5)	93.5 (6.3)	14.2	0.0027	
n	21	2	2	5			
Trait	Resprouting Ability		Linear model				
	Yes	No	L.Ratio	P			
Specific leaf area	8.6 (0.2)	6.6 (0.1)	5.9	0.015			
Leaf thickness	0.35 (0.01)	0.44 (0.01)	9.0	0.0026			
Leaf area	517.3 (28.1)	101.5 (5.0)	5.0	0.0252			
n	25	7					

Table S5. Recorded number of individuals for each species for each vegetation type and their average leaf trait values used for calculating community-weighted means. Some trait values for some species were obtained from other sources: the BROT database (Tavşanoğlu and Pausas 2018; shown with Φ), Hacettepe University Functional Ecology Lab. data (Aktepe 2021; Coşgun 2022; shown with Ψ) and scientific papers (Elmas and Kutbay 2015; Liakoura et al. 2001; Merchant 1998; Specht 1988) (shown with Ω). Data units are $\text{mm}^2\text{mg}^{-1}$ for specific leaf area (*SLA*), mm for leaf thickness (*Lt*), and mm^2 for leaf area (*LA*).

Species	Vegetation Type					SLA	Lt	LA
	Semi-closed forest	Open forest	Closed shrubland	Open shrubland	Scrubl and			
<i>Arbutus andrachne</i>	3	2	113	38	0	7.61	0.312	1752.45
<i>Arbutus unedo</i>	2	0	17	0	0	9.12	0.253	1754.52
<i>Asparagus aphyllus</i>	59	126	148	65	27	-	-	-
<i>Asperula brevifolia</i>	0	0	4	15	0	-	-	-
<i>Calicotome villosa</i>	1	38	29	35	5	15.84	0.231	29.31
<i>Celtis australis</i>	0	5	0	0	0	17.60 Φ	-	100.00
<i>Ceratonia siliqua</i>	2	3	4	4	0	7.54	0.375	1242.80
<i>Cistus creticus</i>	399	544	351	210	351	7.42	0.400	129.56
<i>Cistus parviflorus</i>	0	13	0	248	0	6.12	0.620	146.40
<i>Cistus salviifolius</i>	931	824	473	1048	45	6.36	0.413	112.80
<i>Cotinus coggygria</i>	26	1	0	0	0	16.97	0.260	1170.35
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	1	0	0	9	4	14.23 Ψ	-	117.80 Ψ
<i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>	0	0	6	0	0	2.45 Ψ	0.963 Ψ	290.40 Ψ
<i>Cytisopsis pseudocytisus</i>	17	37	0	0	0	10.18	0.381	32.09
<i>Daphne gnidioides</i>	6	12	0	111	12	14.14	0.278	86.29
<i>Daphne sericea</i>	1	0	4	0	0	5.46	0.316	340.72
<i>Dittrichia viscosa</i>	0	0	0	1	0	9.82 Φ	-	53.36 Φ
<i>Erica manipuliflora</i>	369	894	0	84	0	5.99	0.315	6.42
<i>Euphorbia acanthothamnus</i>	0	0	10	38	1	-	-	-
<i>Genista acanthoclada</i>	207	868	154	677	453	13.65 Ψ	0.156	21.10 Ψ
<i>Hypericum empetrifolium</i>	2	99	497	242	0	6.76	0.296	11.67
<i>Juniperus oxycedrus</i>	0	1	0	0	0	6.52 Ψ	0.540 Φ	19.70 Ψ
<i>Laurus nobilis</i>	3	0	1	1	0	10.39	0.251	1984.72
<i>Lavandula stoechas</i>	175	125	0	26	29	6.57	0.280	12.43
<i>Myrtus communis</i>	13	4	0	5	0	13.60	0.280	301.64
<i>Olea europaea</i>	20	13	113	71	19	5.88	0.416	204.13
<i>Origanum onites</i>	0	5	1	51	38	8.50 Ψ	-	9.50 Ψ
<i>Osyris alba</i>	0	19	31	79	0	8.80	0.399	35.17
<i>Paliurus spinachristi</i>	4	27	0	0	0	23.39	0.185	515.51
<i>Phillyrea latifolia</i>	180	244	398	65	19	8.32	0.262	211.86

<i>Phlomis grandiflora</i>	0	0	14	63	0	5.22	0.647	657.14
<i>Phlomis lycia</i>	53	11	4	221	59	6.25	0.620	229.17
<i>Pinus brutia</i>	219	214	25	2	0	6.45	0.551	139.43
<i>Pistacia lentiscus</i>	40	28	91	86	6	5.81	0.428	240.36
<i>Pistacia terebinthus</i>	11	12	7	1	0	13.43	0.202	687.58
<i>Populus nigra</i>	1	0	0	0	0	10.60 Φ	-	100.00
<i>Ptilostemon chamaepeuce</i>	0	6	15	1	9	5.95	0.442	99.01
<i>Pyrus elaeagnifolia</i>	9	0	0	14	31	11.98	0.274	384.41
<i>Quercus aucheri</i>	20	0	22	72	8	6.74	0.365	269.79
<i>Quercus coccifera</i>	97	100	149	227	25	6.64	0.374	249.50
<i>Quercus infectoria</i> subsp. <i>veneris</i>	43	41	13	3	0	13.01	0.281	805.01
<i>Quercus ithaburensis</i>	0	0	0	0	1	10.78	0.366	1459.93
<i>Rhamnus punctata</i>	0	7	0	0	7	10.41	0.247	83.27
<i>Rubia tenuifolia</i>	0	0	3	0	0	-	-	-
<i>Ruscus aculeatus</i>	5	11	49	0	0	12.97	0.264	134.70
<i>Sarcopoterium spinosum</i>	135	90	25	887	1755	11.91 Ω	0.288Ω	72.50Ω
<i>Satureja thymbra</i>	0	56	0	6	0	2.95Ψ	0.354Ψ	61.09Ψ
<i>Smilax aspera</i>	19	31	102	2	0	19.92	0.244	1269.30
<i>Spartium junceum</i>	0	0	1	0	0	18.80	-	684.25 Ω
<i>Styrax officinalis</i>	71	2	0	11	0	19.08	0.235	1619.04
<i>Teucrium chamaedrys</i> subsp. <i>sypirensis</i>	0	0	0	1	0	10.32 Φ	-	30.54Φ
<i>Teucrium polium</i>	0	11	0	6	0	9.84Φ	0.310Φ	13.20Φ
<i>Teucrium sandrasicum</i>	0	2	0	0	0	-	-	-
<i>Thymbra capitata</i>	2	153	1	673	138	7.80	0.427	28.69

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Table S6. The results of pairwise comparisons between vegetation types following principal components analysis (PCA) considering three leaf traits.

Vegetation Type	R ²	P
Open shrubland vs. Scrubland	0.234	0.001
Open shrubland vs. Closed shrubland	0.242	0.002
Open shrubland vs. Open forest	0.046	0.144
Open shrubland vs. Semi-closed forest	0.078	0.068
Scrubland vs. Closed shrubland	0.557	0.001
Scrubland vs. Open forest	0.091	0.042
Scrubland vs. Semi-closed forest	0.287	0.002
Closed shrubland vs. Open forest	0.209	0.003
Closed shrubland vs. Semi-closed forest	0.057	0.170
Open forest vs. Semi-closed forest	0.088	0.022

Table S7. Mean community weighted mean values for specific leaf area, leaf thickness, and leaf area of species for each vegetation type. Values in parentheses are the standard error of the mean. Data units are mm²mg⁻¹ for specific leaf area, mm for leaf thickness, and mm² for leaf area. *L.ratio* is the likelihood ratio estimated for the statistical comparison between a null model including the transect as the random factor and the model with both the random and the fixed factor (i.e., vegetation types).

Trait		Semi-closed forest	Open forest	Closed shrubland	Open shrubland	Scrubland	Linear model	
							L.Ratio	P
Specific leaf area		8.3 (0.4)	8.7 (0.3)	8.4 (0.3)	8.7 (0.3)	11.2 (0.2)	30.7	<0.0001
Leaf thickness		0.36 (0.01)	0.33 (0.04)	0.33 (0.00)	0.37 (0.01)	0.29 (0.01)	31.0	<0.0001
Leaf area		235.3 (67.1)	115.2 (16.3)	283.4 (44.1)	130.8 (18.5)	79.7 (3.8)	20.4	<0.0001

Table S8. Distance-based functional diversity indices for each vegetation type based on leaf area, SLA, and leaf thickness.

Vegetation types	Functional Richness	Functional Evenness	Functional Divergence	Functional Dispersion
Semi-closed forest	8.607	0.691	0.759	1.465
Open forest	9.329	0.545	0.693	1.007
Closed shrubland	8.079	0.579	0.719	1.269
Open shrubland	7.134	0.446	0.614	1.083
Scrubland	0.918	0.637	0.687	0.650

Table S9. The outcomes from both phylogenetic general linear modeling and non-phylogenetic linear modeling focusing on the assessment of growth form, resprouting ability, and regeneration strategy in relation to the studied leaf traits. The Akaike Information Criterion (AIC) is employed for model comparison, while σ^2 represents the maximum-likelihood estimate of the variance rate, with the corresponding mean and 95% confidence intervals in parentheses. Additionally, Akaike weights (w) are also provided to gauge the relative support for each model.

	Phylogenetic model			Non-phylogenetic model	
	AIC	σ^2	w	AIC	w
Leaf Area					
Null	87.6	0.008 (0.005-0.012)		83.6	
Growth form	81.9	0.006 (0.003-0.008)	0.945	78.0	0.944
Resprouting ability	89.2	0.007 (0.004-0.010)	0.315	85.5	0.278
Regeneration strategy	84.7	0.006 (0.003-0.008)	0.817	77.7	0.952
SLA					
Null	0.1	0.001 (0.001-0.013)		-22.7	
Growth form	8.9	0.001 (0.000-0.001)	0.012	-23.1	0.544
Resprouting ability	-3.4	0.001 (0.000-0.001)	0.850	-22.8	0.512
Regeneration strategy	6.1	0.001 (0.000-0.001)	0.046	-22.6	0.479
Leaf Thickness					
Null	0.5	0.001 (0.001-0.001)		-29.5	
Growth form	2.6	0.001 (0.000-0.001)	0.259	-33.0	0.855
Resprouting ability	2.6	0.001 (0.000-0.001)	0.263	-30.8	0.659
Regeneration strategy	-2.7	0.001 (0.000-0.001)	0.835	-38.1	0.987

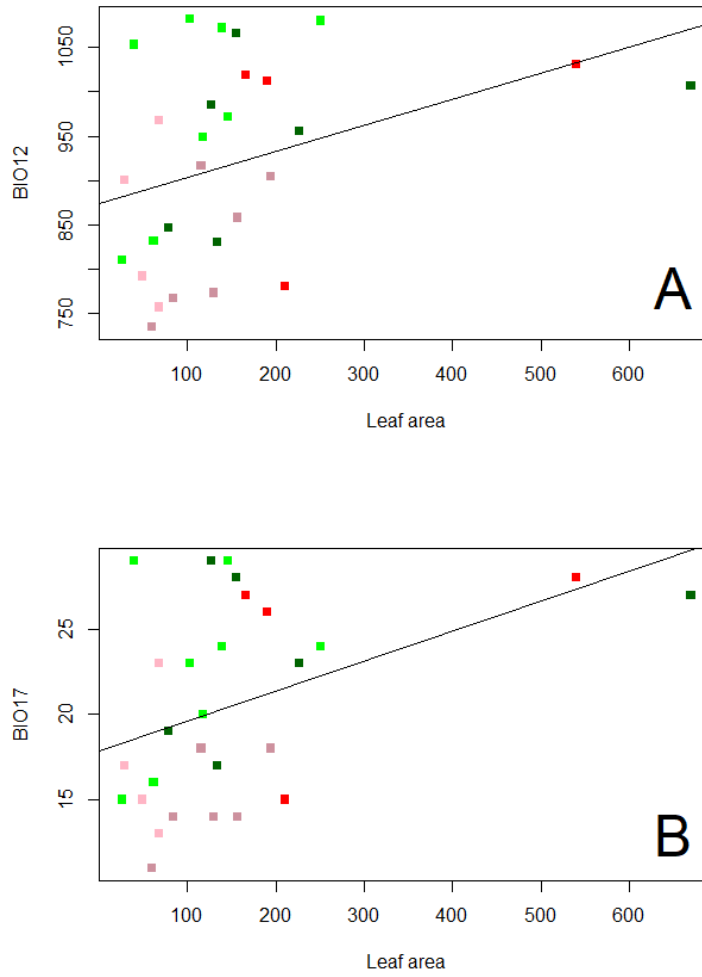


Figure S1. Association between mean leaf area (mm²) and **(A)** annual total precipitation (mm; BIO12) and **(B)** precipitation of the driest quarter (mm; BIO17). The linear lines represent the results of regression analyses.

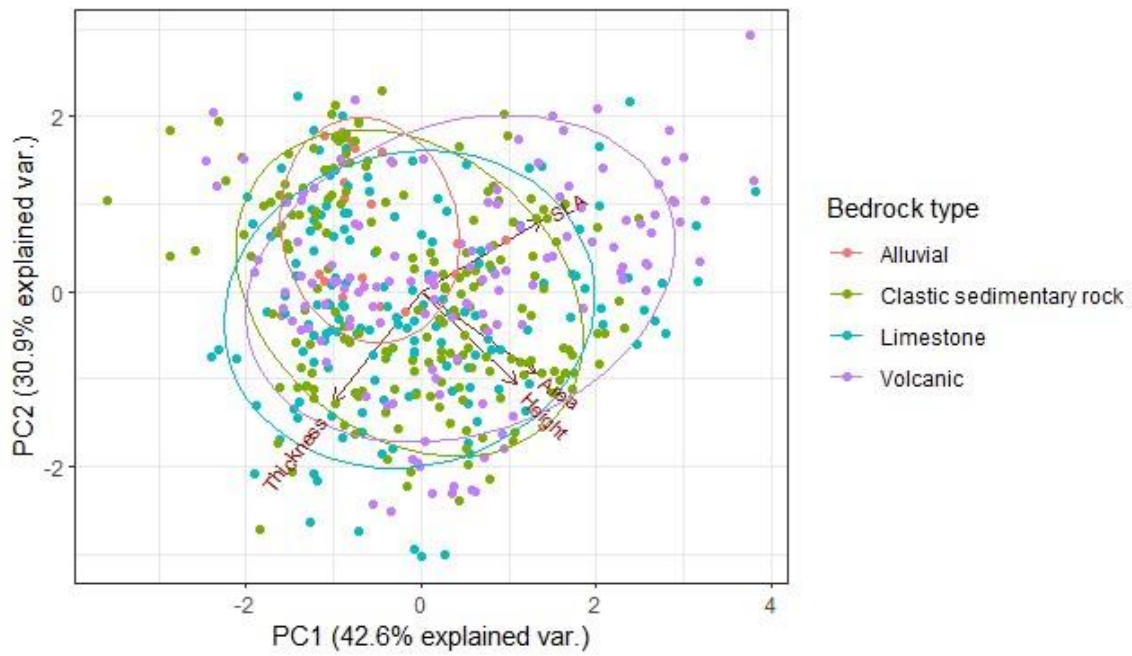


Figure S2. Principal component analysis graph of community weighted mean values for specific leaf area, leaf thickness, and leaf area among different bedrock types. Each data point is community-weighted mean value of each transect, and eclipses indicate the standard deviation of each bedrock type.